

PROACTIVE DISCLOSURES BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

A Review of Compliance to the Obligations Under the Right to Information Act





ACKNOWLEGEMENT

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ACRONYMS



ADM Association for Democracy in the Maldives

AEC Atoll Education Centre

CGTI Corporate Governance Transparency Index

FOIAnet Freedom of Information Advocates Network

ICOM Information Commissioner's Office

MTCC Maldives Transport and Contracting Company

PCB Privatization and Corporatization Board

RTI Right to Information

SOE State-Owned Enterprise

TM Transparency Maldives



ABSTRACT

The Right to Information (RTI) Act of the Maldives requires all state institutions to proactively disclose certain information at least on an annual basis and in an easily accessible manner. Previous studies done in the area showed a low level of compliance, with not a single institution found to have been fully compliant until 2022 - 8 years after the Act was ratified in 2014. This study assesses the websites of 935 state institutions which includes the executive, legislature, judiciary, local government, independent institutions and state-owned enterprises and political parties funded by the State.

Even though the RTI Regulation requires information to be proactively published in a place that is easily accessible to the general public such as institutions' websites, it was observed that only 52.7% of monitored institutions had a functional website. As a result, the overall rate of disclosure of the information required to be proactively published under the RTI Act differed significantly depending on whether or not institutions without functional websites were considered. Nevertheless, the overall rate of disclosure was very low in either case, with less than 20% of the required information having been published. Furthermore, only seven institutions or 0.75% of all the monitored institutions were found to have achieved full compliance. Some areas of information had a much higher rate of disclosure than others, with the average rate of disclosure being well below 25% for over two-thirds of all the areas of information required to be disclosed.

The unavailability of websites, removal of information from existing websites, failure to update existing websites and no uniformity in the publication of the required information were among some of the challenges to enforcement of the law that was observed. The failure to disclose information crucial to hold the state accountable may be indicative of a low level of understanding or acceptance of democratic principles by state institutions. While some progress in the proactive disclosure of information was noted since 2017 when the first assessments of proactive disclosure were conducted, improvements across all components relevant to the Right to Information regime, and the proactive disclosure of information are required.



1. INTRODUCTION

The Right to Expression has been included alongside Freedom of the Press in every single variation of the Constitution of the Maldives since the amendment of 1951 [1]. However, it was not until the 2008 [2] amendment to the Constitution that the Right to Information was introduced into the second chapter of the constitution and guaranteed for everyone as a fundamental human right. It would take a further six years for this constitutionally guaranteed right to be codified into law, when Right to Information (RTI) Act of the Maldives (Act No: 1/2014) [3] was ratified and gazetted in January of 2014. The Act facilitated the right for everyone to request and acquire information from state institutions, and established responsibilities for institutions to provide information both proactively and in response to information requests.

The Global Right to Information Rating [4] developed by the Centre for Law and Democracy [5] currently ranks the Right to Information Act of the Maldives as the 22nd strongest RTI law in the world (out of 138 countries). Owing to the broad scope of the Act, as well as a strong system of appeals, sanctions and protections, the law itself is poised to guarantee the freedom to acquire and impart knowledge, information and learning enshrined in Article 29 of the Constitution. The Act has a broad definition of State Institutions that fall within the purview of the law, such that any institution that carries out any state responsibilities, functions under the state budget or receives assistance from the state budget are all required to disclose information under the Act [6]. The provisions in the Act are also further applicable to Associations and Organizations that function in the Maldives with funding from the state budget, a foreign government, or from an international body [7]. However, Associations and other Organizations were not monitored under this review.

The proactive disclosure of information is at the heart of several of the Principles of Right to Information Legislation [8] and the proactive disclosure requirements of the Right to Information Act of the Maldives does fulfill a vast majority of the minimum requirements suggested by Article 19 [9] and endorsed by the UN Special Rapporteur on Freedom of Opinion and Expression [10].

^[1] https://mvlaw.gov.mv/dv/legislations/228/consolidations/725

^[2] https://mvlaw.gov.mv/dv/legislations/6/consolidations/783

⁽³⁾ https://icom.mv/uploads/English%20translation%20of%20the%20Right%20to%20Information%20Act.pdf

^[4] https://www.rti-rating.org/country-data/

^[5] https://www.law-democracy.org/

^[6] Section 72, (f) of the Right to Information Act of Maldives

^[7] Section 68 of the Right to Information Act of the Maidives

[[]B] https://www.article19.org/data/files/RTI_Principles_Updated_EN.pdf

⁽⁹⁾ https://www.article19.org/

^[10] Page 2, The Public's Right to Know: Principles on Right to Information Legislation

The Principles on Right to Information Legislation are as follows:

Principle 1: Maximum disclosure Principle 2: Obligation to publish

Principle 3: Promotion of open government
Principle 4: Limited scope of exceptions
Principle 5: Process to facilitate access

Principle 6: Costs

Principle 7: Open meetings

Principle 8: Disclosure takes precedence Principle 9: Protection for whistleblowers

The information required to be proactively published by each institution under the purview of the RTI Act are listed under Section 37 of the Right to Information Act of the Maldives. Each Institution is also required to publish all information at least on an annual basis, and in an easily accessible manner. Furthermore, Section 36 (a) also requires the names, designations and contact details of the Information Officers at each state institution to be disseminated as widely as possible and made publicly accessible.

The information required to be proactively disclosed under Section 37 include:

- Details of the functions, responsibilities, structure and duties of the Institution;
- Details of direct services provided or being provided to the public;
- Details of the mechanism of lodging a complaint at the Institution in connection to a matter undertaken by that office, and details of the number of complaints received thus far
- Easily comprehensible details of how documents are managed;
- Information held or maintained by the Institution, and the nature of its general publications, together with information on the procedure to follow to request for information;
- The responsibilities and duties of high ranking officials of the Institution, their powers and scope of discretion, and procedure followed in decision making within that scope;
- The rules, regulations, policies, principles and norms used by the Institution for discharging its responsibilities;
- Details of decisions taken that would affect the public and the reasons for those decisions, their implications and details of their background;
- 9. The manner in which suggestions and criticisms on decision-making can be exercised by the public and influenced in relation to the policies of those functions carried out by the Institution;
- The budget allocated to the Institution, indicating the particulars of all plans, proposed expenditures and details of disbursements made;
- 11. The individual remuneration and benefits received by all the employees of the Institution;
- The norms followed by the Institution for the discharge of its functions; and
- 13. The stages and procedure followed in the decision making process of the Institution, and the mechanisms for supervision and accountability.

2. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this review revolved around monitoring adherence to the mandatory requirement by all applicable institutions to proactively disclose the information required under Section 37 and 36 of the Right to Information Act. To this end, the specific objectives of the review included:

- Monitoring the overall rate of disclosure by all State Institutions and in disclosing each item required to be proactively disclosed.
- · Studying the variation in level of proactive disclosure by different kinds of Institutions.
- Identifying challenges to the proactive disclosure of information by State Institutions and identifying ways to improve disclosure.
- Highlighting key trends in how State Institutions currently disclose the information required to be disclosed proactively.

3. PREVIOUS STUDIES

A study done by Transparency Maldives (TM) in 2017 [11] looked into the websites of a sample of 30 State Institutions and assessed them under 10 principle indicators generated from the proactive disclosure obligations under Section 37 of the RTI Act. The study found the level of compliance to be fairly low, with the average disclosure rate among the assessed institutions being 39.7% when tested on the minimum level of proactive disclosure required. None of the monitored state institutions were found to be fully compliant, with the highest score being achieved by the Attorney General's Office with 75% compliance. Additionally, it was also observed that some information that had been disclosed had not been updated and as a result, published documents like annual reports, strategic plans and budgets had been outdated. A general trend for public bodies to publish comprehensive details in some areas whilst completely ignoring others was also observed.

The websites of state institutions were also monitored by the Information Commissioner's Office (ICOM) in 2017 [12] and 2018 [13], whereafter institutions were graded based on a number of different factors which included proactive disclosure requirements. Five institutions scored over 75% compliance and achieved the highest grade in 2017, while eight institutions achieved this rank the following year. However, similar to the study conducted by Transparency Maldives, not a single institution was found to have been fully compliant, with the highest being 92.31% scored by the Anti-Corruption Commission in 2018.

In a study conducted by the Association for Democracy in the Maldives (ADM) in 2022, a sample of 73 State Institutions were monitored twice - once in November of 2021 and again in June 2022 after a series of advocacy actions were conducted. The average disclosure rate among the monitored institutions was found to be 30.9% during the initial review, which closely mirrored findings by Transparency Maldives' study from 2017. The lack of advocacy for increased proactive disclosure of the required information may have played a part in the the disclosure rate remaining low for many years, as after a series of advocacy actions, the disclosure rate was found to have increased to 47.1% in 2022. Additionally, 4 institutions were found to have achieved 100% compliance to the proactive disclosure requirements of Section 37, with 2 additional institutions narrowly missing out on full compliance. All of the highest achieving institutions had set up a dedicated page or document on their website, solely dedicated to disclosing the required information, fulfilling the requirement for easy access as well. The proactive disclosures of a sample of 10 institutions were also assessed in 2023 [14] using the RTI Implementation Assessment methodology [15] developed by the Freedom of Information Advocates Network (FOIAnet). An average of 46.67% disclosure was recorded for the monitored institutions, with 7 of the 10 institutions monitored achieving a score of 50% or below.

^[11] https://transparency.mw/publications/implementing-the-proactive-disclosure-duties-assessment- on-the-compliance-of-proactive-disclosure-obligations-under-the-right-to-information-act/

^[12] https://icom.mv/uploads/Ahares/%20Report%202017.pdf

^[13] https://icom.mv/uploads/Aharee%20Report%202018.pdf

^[14] https://democracymaldives.org/7p-269

¹¹⁵¹ https://foiadvocates.net/?page.id=11036

4. METHODOLOGY

The websites of 935 institutions from the Executive, Legislature, Judiciary, Statutory Bodies, Local Government, Government Funded Health Service Providers, Academic Institutions, Political Parties and State-Owned Enterprises (SOEs) were monitored in this study. The number and types of state institutions monitored under each category are as follows:

Category of institution	ory of institution Breakdown of the types of institutions		Total no. of institutions	
Executive	President's Office and Ministries	18	20	
Executive	Institutions under Ministries	54	72	
Legislature	People's Majlis	1	1	
	Supreme Court	1		
	High Court	1		
Judiciary	Superior Courts	5	192	
	Magistrate Courts	184		
	Department of Judicial Administration	1		
Statutory bodies	Independent Institutions	29	29	
	City Councils	4		
ocal Government	Atoli Councils	18	200	
	Island Councils	178		
	Hospitals	22	104	
fealth Service Providers	Health Centres	164	186	
	Universities	2		
Academic Institutions	Schools	198	219	
	Atoll Education Centres	19		
Political Parties	Political Parties	5	5	
State-Owned Enterprises	State-Owned Enterprises	31	31	
TOTAL			9:	

Figure 4.1: Details of the number of institutions monitored under each type under each category

A list of information required to be proactively disclosed by each institution is detailed out across 13 subsections of Section 37 of the RTI Act. Although not listed under the same section of the law, the name, designation and contact details of the Information Officers at each state institution are also required to be widely disseminated and publicly accessible. Hence, these requirements under Section 36(a) were also included in the review, in addition to the requirements under Section 37. Data for the review was collected by 10 interns who were hired and trained to assess the websites and publications on the websites of state institutions during a one month period from November - December 2023. As some subsections of Section 37 and subsection 36(a) of the Act require multiple pieces of information to be disclosed, each subsection was further broken down into individual items, with each item fully disclosed granting a score of 1. Each intern was randomly assigned 93 - 94 institutions to assess and each institution was scored based on the availability of the individual items on their respective websites.

Unlike the studies done by Transparency Maldives in 2017 and the Association for Democracy in the Maldives in 2022, institutions monitored under this assessment were not provided any score for partial disclosure of the required information.

The 13 subsections from Section 37 and subsection 36 (a) were broken down into a total of 25 items to be monitored for disclosure.

#	Subsection #	Breakdown
37 (a)	Details of the functions, responsibilities, structure and 1 duties of the Institution 2	Institution's duties / functions / responsibilities Institution's structure
37 (b)	Details of direct services provided or being provided to the 3 public	Direct services provided or being provided to the public
37 (c)	Details of the mechanism of lodging a complaint at the 4 Institution in connection to a matter undertaken by that office, and details of the number of complaints received 5 thus far	Mechanism of lodging a complaint Details of the complaints received
37 (d)	Easily comprehensible details of how documents are 6 managed	Details of how documents are managed
37 (e)	Information held or maintained by the Institution, and the 7 nature of its general publications, together with information on the procedure to follow to request for g	Nature of general publications Procedure to follow to request for information
	information	
37 (f)	The responsibilities and duties of high ranking officials of the Institution, their powers and scope of discretion, and 9 procedure followed in decision making within that scope	The responsibilities and duties of high ranking officials, their powers, scope of discretion, and procedure followed in decision making
37 (g)	The rules, regulations, policies, principles and norms used 10 by the Institution for discharging its responsibilities 11	Laws, regulations used by the Institution Policies, principles and norms used by the Institution
37 (h)	Details of decisions taken that would affect the public and 12 the reasons for those decisions, their implications and details of their background	Details of decisions taken that would affect the public Reasons for those decisions, their implications and details of their background
37 (i)	The manner in which suggestions and criticisms on decision-making can be exercised by the public and influenced in relation to the policies of those functions carried out by the Institution;	The manner in which suggestions and criticisms on decision- making can be exercised by the public
	15	The budget allocated to the Institution
37 (j)	The budget allocated to the Institution, indicating the 16 particulars of all plans, proposed expenditures and details	Particulars of all plans made by the Institution
37 W	of disbursements made;	Proposed expenditures
	18	Details of disbursements made
37 (k)	The individual remuneration and benefits received by all $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 19}}$ the employees of the institution;	Individual remuneration and benefits received by all the employees of the Institution
37 (I)	The norms followed by the institution for the discharge of $_{\mbox{\scriptsize 20}}$ its functions	The principles / norms followed by the Institution
37 (m)	The stages and procedure followed in the decision making 21 process of the Institution, and the mechanisms for	Stages and procedure followed in the decision making process
	supervision and accountability. 22	Mechanisms for supervision and accountability
	[] the names, designations and contact details of the 23	Name of the Information Officer
36 (a)	Information Officers, must be disseminated as widely as 24	Designation of the Information Officer
	possible and must be publicly accessible. 25	Contact details of the Information Officer

Figure 4.2: Details of how each subsection of the RTI Act requiring proactive disclosure was broken down into individual scoring items

Data collected for the study was verified by double checking the scores of a random sample of institutions throughout the monitoring period. Furthermore, the scores allocated to institutions through the data collection process were also shared with the institutions themselves for verification. The institutions were provided a two week timeline within which they could verify that the score allocated to them was correct and provide feedback on any changes that were necessary.

5. FINDINGS

5.1 Websites of State Institutions

It was found that only a little more than half (53%) of all the institutions monitored had a functional website. The design and functionality of websites varied greatly too, since each institution sets up their respective website as they see fit as there are no regulatory or procedural requirements for the websites of State Institutions.

Overall, every single institution in 11 out of the 19 different types of institutions monitored had a functional website, while SOEs had one institution without a website. As none of the 164 health centers monitored were found to have a functional website, and only 9 out of 22 hospitals had a website of their own, government health service providers had the lowest percentage of functional websites with an overall percentage of 4.84%. Local government institutions had the second lowest overall percentage of functional websites with 37%, as only about a third of all island councils had one. Similarly, less than half of all academic institutions were found to have a functional website - which included government schools of which only 40% had websites.

Type of Institution	Type breakdown	No. of institutions monitored	No. of institutions with a functional website	% of institutions with a functional website
Executive	President's Office and Ministries	19	19	100.00%
Executive	Institutions under Ministries	53	40	75.47%
Legislature	People's Majlis	1	1	100.00%
	Supreme Court	1	1	100.00%
	High Court	1	1	100.00%
Judiciary	Superior Courts	5	5	100.00%
	Magistrate Courts	184	184	100.00%
	Department of Judicial Administration	1	31	100.00%
Statutory bodies	Independent Institutions	29	29	100.00%
	City Councils	4	4	100.00%
Local Government	Atoll Councils	18	11	61.11%
	Island Councils	178	59	33.15%
United States States	Hospitals	22	9	40.91%
Health Service Providers	Health Centres	164	0	0.00%
	Universities	2	2	100.00%
Academic Institutions	Schools	198	80	40.40%
	Atoll Education Centres	19	12	63.16%
Political Parties	Political Parties	5	5	100.00%
State-Owned Enterprises	State-Owned Enterprises	31	30	96.77%
TOTAL		935	493	52.73%

Figure 5.1.1: Number and percentage of institutions who were found to have a functional website u. ...

category and type of institution

Due to the high percentage of institutions without a website, the overall rate of disclosure of the information required to be proactively published under the RTI Act differed significantly depending on whether or not institutions without functional websites were considered. Nevertheless, the overall rate of disclosure was very low in either case, with less than 20% of the required information having been published.

Institutions Considered	Category	TOTAL
ALL institutions	Average disclosure %	10.53%
Only those with a functional website	Average disclosure %	19.33%

Figure 5.1.2: Average disclosure rate among all institutions monitored and only institutions with a functional website

5.2 Disclosure of the required information

Only 7 of the 935 institutions monitored (0.75%) were found to have achieved full compliance to all of the requirements of proactive disclosure. This included 4 statutory bodies, 2 city councils and a superior court. While a further 3 institutions achieved over 90% compliance, a trend of an exponential decrease in the rate of disclosure was observed:

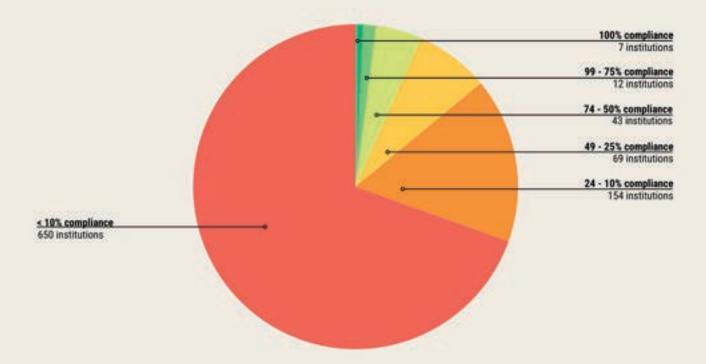


Figure 5.2.1: Chart showing the number of institutions under different bands of disclosure %

Information required to be disclosed	Average disclosure % across ALL institutions	Average disclosure % across institutions with a functional website
37 (a) Institution's duties / functions / responsibilities	26.42%	50.10%
37 (a) Institution's structure	14.65%	27,38%
37 (b) Direct services provided or being provided to the public.	37.65%	70.59%
37 (c) Mechanism of lodging a complaint	8.02%	14.20%
37 (c) Details of the complaints received	1.82%	2.43%
37 (d) Details of how documents are managed	2.99%	4,87%
37 (e) Nature of general publications	18.07%	33.87%
37 (e) Procedure to follow to request for information	6.74%	11.76%
37 (f) Responsibilities and duties of high ranking officials, their powers and scope of discretion	7.70%	14.00%
37 (g) Laws, regulations used by the Institution	13.80%	26.17%
37 (g) Policies, principles and norms used by the Institution	14.12%	25.96%
37 (h) Details of decisions taken that would affect the public	19.68%	36.92%
37 (h) Reasons for those decisions	17.75%	33.06%
37 (i) The manner in which suggestions and criticisms on decision-making can be exercised by the public	4.71%	8.11%
37 (j) The budget allocated to the Institution	5.67%	10,55%
37 (j) Particulars of all plans made by the Institution	6.95%	12.58%
37 (j) Proposed expenditures	3.53%	6.09%
37 (j) Details of disbursements made	6.74%	11.76%
37 (k) Individual remuneration and benefits received by all the employees of the Institution	4.39%	8.11%
37 (I) Stages and procedure followed in the decision making process	5.13%	8.72%
37 (m) The principles / norms followed by the Institution	10.16%	18.86%
37 (m) Mechanisms for supervision and accountability	4.81%	8.32%
36 (a) Name of the Information Officer	7.81%	14.00%
36 (a) Designation of the Information Officer	5.99%	10.55%
36 (a) Contact details of the Information Officer	8.02%	14.40%

Figure 5.2.2: Average disclosure rate across individual scoring items broken down from subsections of the RTI Act which require proactive disclosure

Similar to the findings from previous studies, some areas of information had a much higher rate of disclosure than others, with the average rate of disclosure being significantly low for most areas. Only subsection 37(b) pertaining to the disclosure of services provided by institutions to the public attained an average disclosure rate of over 70% (among institutions with a functional website), while the next highest area pertaining to the disclosure of institutions' duties, functions and responsibilities required by subsection 37(a), was disclosed on average by just under 50% of all institutions with a functional website. Even though close to 14% of institutions with a website had published a mechanism for lodging a complaint at the institution, only 2% of institutions disclosed the details of the complaints they received - the lowest among all the areas required to be disclosed.

Furthermore, even though Section 36 (a) requires the publication of the name, designation and contact details of the information officer at the institution, the rate of disclosure for all three pieces of information were different, with only the contact details being disclosed by most institutions. The average rate of disclosure was found to be well below 25% for over two-thirds of all the areas of information required to be disclosed.

Category of Institution	Average Disclosure Rate - 2017 TM Study	Average Disclosure Rate - 2022 ADM Study	Average Disclosure Rate - This study (2023)
Executive	39.00%	40.40%	27.94%
Legislature	35.00%	83.30%	76.00%
Judiciary	33.00%	39.80%	8.85%
Statutory Bodies	57.00%	68.00%	62.62%
Local Government	Not Monitored	30.28%	11.96%
Health Service Providers	Not Monitored	Not Monitored	0.56%
Academic Institutions	Not Monitored	Not Monitored	3.82%
Political Parties	Not Monitored	Not Monitored	24.00%
State-Owned Enterprises	Not Monitored	Not Monitored	25.81%

Figure 5.2.3: Average disclosure % among the different categories of institutions in each of the proactive disclosure compliance studies done in the Maldives

The institutions and categories of institutions that were previously monitored under the Proactive Disclosure Assessments conducted in previous years by TM in 2017 and ADM in 2022 were used for comparison and to highlight improvements in the rate of disclosure since then. However, it is important to note that the number of institutions in each category was much lower in each of the previous studies, as only a sample number of institutions were monitored - as opposed to this study which assessed over 900 institutions.

In this study, the Legislature (albeit comprising only one institution unlike all the other categories) was found to be the category of institution with the highest rate of disclosure, followed by Statutory Bodies - which mirrored findings from the 2022 Proactive Disclosure Assessment by ADM. The average disclosure rate for two of the four categories of institutions monitored by TM in 2017 were found to have decreased by 2023, with the exceptions being the Legislature and Statutory Bodies which had an increase in the average disclosure rate of 41% and 5.6% respectively. The findings pertaining to the average disclosure rate of Judicial institutions are remarkably different for this study, as all 184 Magistrate Courts had been monitored for the first time. Additionally, the proactive disclosure obligations of Health Service Providers, Academic Institutions, Political Parties and State-Owned Enterprises were also monitored for the first time.

5.3 Executive

On average, Cabinet Ministries were found to have a higher rate of disclosure than the institutions functioning under their mandate. Furthermore all Cabinet Ministries had a functional website - as opposed to 76% of institutions under Ministries. Institutions under the Executive scored an average of less than 25% in 13 of the 25 categories monitored in this study. The area with the highest rate of disclosure pertained to details of institutions' duties, functions and responsibilities required under Subsection 37 (a) which was disclosed by 75% of executive institutions. However, details of the institutions' structure, also required under Subsection 37 (a), was disclosed by less than half of all institutions under this category (45.8%). An average disclosure rate of less than 50% was observed across 21 out of the 25 categories of information required to be disclosed.

	All Executive Institutions	Only Executive Institutions with a website	Cabinet Ministries	Institutions under Ministries	Only Institutions under Ministries with a website
Average disclosure %	27.94%	34.10%	46.32%	21.36%	28.63%

Figure 5.3.1: Average disclosure % among Executive institutions, with and without websites

The proactive disclosure rate of Cabinet Ministries were assessed previously in both the Proactive Disclosure Compliance studies by TM in 2017 and ADM in 2022. However, the administration in 2017 did not have Ministries for Higher Education, Arts and Culture, or Transport and Civil Aviation and therefore, the disclosure rate for those institutions are missing in the data for 2017. A chart detailing the disclosure percentage of each Cabinet Ministry monitored in each study is visualized in Figure 5.3.2:

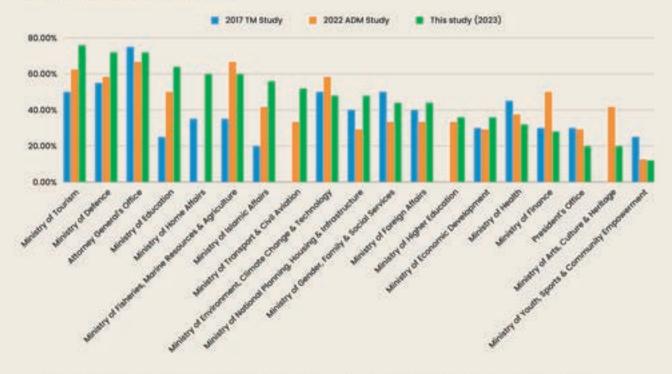


Figure 5.3.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by each Cabinet Ministry in each proactive disclosure compliance studies done in the Maldives

5.4 Legislature

The website of the People's Majlis was fully functional and was found to be one of the most content heavy websites among all the state institutions monitored. Despite this, the People's Majlis failed to get a perfect score, as details pertaining to the complaints received by the institution required by Subsection 37 (c), budget details required by Subsection 37 (j) and the designation of their Information Officer required by Subsection 36 (a) were missing.



Figure 5.4.1: Disclosure % of the People's Majlis

As the People's Majlis was also one of the institutions that was monitored under the previous Proactive Disclosure Compliance studies, the rate of disclosure by the institution in 2017, 2022 and 2023 were compared. The improvement in the rate of disclosure since 2017 was notable, though it was observed that there was a slight decrease since 2022.

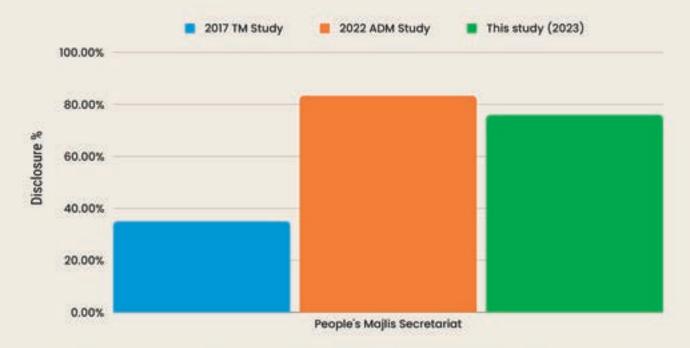


Figure 5.4.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by the People's Majlis in each of the proactive disclosure compliance studies done in the Maldives

5.5 Judiciary

All 192 of the Judicial institutions monitored under this assessment were found to have functional websites. While the Supreme Court, High Court and each of the superior courts had a separate website under their own domain, each Magistrate Court was provided a limited website under the https://courts.gov.mv domain. The main courts.gov.mv website is administered by the Department of Judicial Administration and all Magistrate Court websites are clones of each other, with the documents uploaded by the courts themselves to the limited tabs available on their respective websites being the only distinction. Therefore, the only difference in score among the Magistrate Courts also came from the documents that were uploaded to their respective websites. Owing to the restricted functionality of the websites, the disclosure score achieved by Magistrate Courts were limited to 3 areas: Details pertaining to the direct services provided or being provided to the public required under Subsection 37 (b), details of decisions taken that would affect the public and the reasons for those decisions, both required under Subsection 37(h).

	All Judicial institutions	Superior Courts	Magistrate Courts
Average disclosure %	8.85%	67.00%	6.33%

Figure 5.5.1: Average disclosure % among Judicial institutions

Several superior courts were monitored in previous Proactive Disclosure Compliance studies and an improvement was noted among most of the superior courts assessed. Efforts to comply with the proactive disclosure obligations by the Drug Court, for instance, is noteworthy, as a new section was created within their website to publish the required information, resulting in the Drug Court achieving 100% compliance. While the Drug Court was found to have achieved full compliance, the Juvenile Court narrowly missed the mark with 92% compliance. On the contrary, the Department of Judicial Administration which was noted to have achieved near 100% in the 2022 assessment, had dropped down to 76% compliance this year as some key information was removed, while at the same time, information requiring updates were not available at the time of the review. The Department of Judicial Administration and the Drug Court were not included in the list of institutions that were observed in 2017.

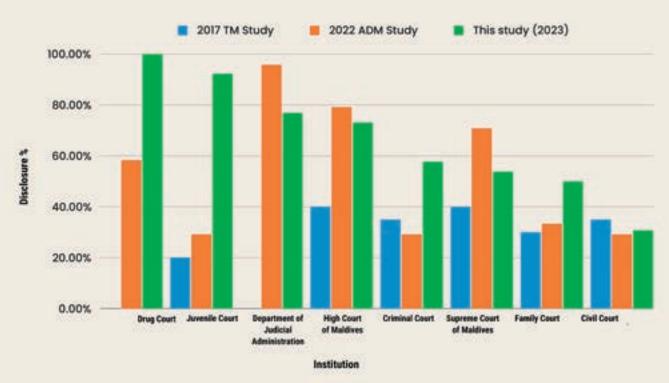


Figure 5.5.2; Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by Superior Courts in each of the proactive disclosure compliance studies done in the Maldives

5.6 Statutory Bodies

All of the Statutory Bodies assessed had a functional website and a relatively high level of disclosure when compared to other categories. In fact, 4 of the 7 institutions that were found to have achieved full compliance to the proactive disclosure obligations monitored in this assessment were Statutory Bodies.

	All Statutory Bodies
Proactive Disclosure %	62.62%

Figure 5.6.1: Average disclosure % among Statutory Bodies

Independent Statutory Bodies were also found to have had a high level of disclosure in all of the previous Proactive Disclosure Compliance studies as well, with the second and third highest level of compliance among the institutions monitored in the 2017 TM study being achieved by the Anti-Corruption Commission and Human Rights Commission respectively. Among the different types of institutions that were monitored in that study, the category for Constitutional Bodies (all of which were Statutory Institutions) achieved the highest average compliance as well, with 57%. Similarly, Independent Institutions were noted as the type of institution with the second highest level of disclosure compliance in the 2022 ADM study with 68%. Additionally, 4 Independent Institutions were noted to have achieved a 100% compliance, and a further 3 institutions were included in the top 10 highest achieving institutions in that assessment as well.

All four Independent Institutions that achieved full compliance in 2022 maintained their score, while four other institutions were noted to have improved on their disclosure score in this study. However, the compliance rate for over 60% of Independent Institutions common to both this study and the 2022 study were found to have had a decrease in their disclosure rate. Improvements in the disclosure of information were noted for 6 out of 7 Constitutional Bodies that were assessed in 2017, with the only exception being the Prosecutor General's Office. A comparison of the disclosure rate of 21 statutory institutions common to both this study and the 2022 ADM study, as well as 7 of those which were included in the 2017 TM study are shown in Figure 5.6.2 below:

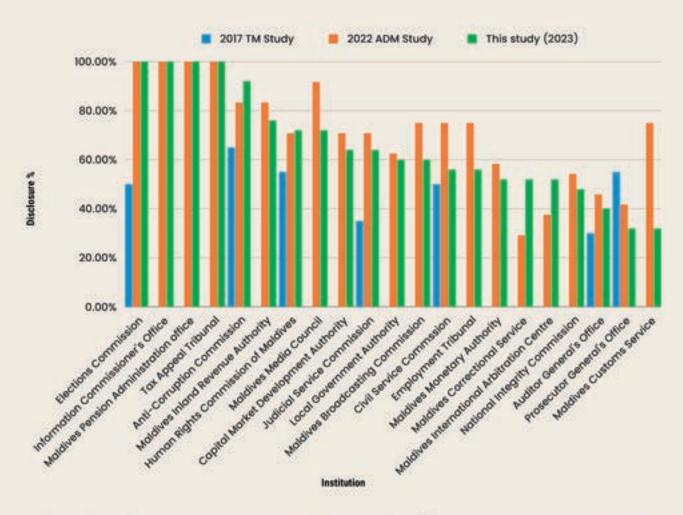


Figure 5.6.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by different Statutory Bodies observed in each of the proactive disclosure compliance studies done in the Maldives

5.7 Local Government

Among the different types of Local Government Institutions that were observed, only one-third of all island councils, two-thirds of atoll councils and all of the city councils were found to have functional websites. A similar trend was also observed in the level of proactive disclosure, with island councils having the lowest level of disclosure among the three types of Local Go Institutions, followed by Atoll Councils and City Councils.

	All Local Government Institutions	Only Local Government Institutions with a website	City Councils	All Atoli Councils	Only Atoll Councils with a website	All Island Councils	Only Island Councils with a website
Average disclosure %	11.96%	32.27%	69.00%	30.89%	50.55%	9.19%	26.37%

Figure 5.7.1: Average disclosure % among Local Government Institutions, with and without websites

The trend of the proactive disclosure of city councils > atoll councils > island councils was also observed in the 2022 ADM study. Local Government Institutions were not assessed in the 2017 TM study.

	City Councils	All Atoli Councils	All Island Councils
Average disclosure % - 2022 ADM Study	44.80%	29.20%	20%
Average disclosure % - This study (2023)	69.00%	30.89%	9.19%

Figure 5.7.2: Average disclosure % among the different types of Local Government Institutions assessed in the 2022 proactive disclosure compliance study by ADM and this study

Both improvements and deteriorations of the proactive disclosure rate among the local councils were observed. The most significant improvements in proactive disclosure were noted from the Kulhudhuffushi City Council and the Fuvahmulah City Council, both with designated sections on their respective websites dedicated to the disclosure of the required information. An increase of 54.17% was noted for Kulhudhuffushi City Council, while the Fuvahmulah City Council was observed to have achieved a significant increase of 75%, with both city councils achieving full compliance and the highest disclosure rate among all of the Local Government Institutions observed.

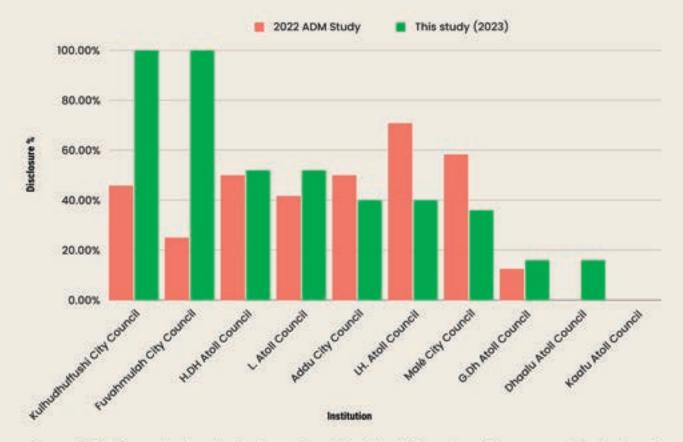


Figure 5.7.3: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by different Local Government Institutions in the 2022 proactive disclosure compliance study by ADM and this study

5.8 Health Service Providers

With only 4.8% of the total 186 government funded Health Service Providers having a functional website, this category had both the lowest average proactive disclosure rate, as well as the lowest percentage of functional websites. A study by Transparency Maldives in 2022 that looked into the Corruption Vulnerabilities in the Maldivian Health Sector [16] also found publicly available information about institutions in the health service sector to be lacking. Although none of the 164 Health Centres assessed were found to have a website, it was observed that a significant number of them had an online presence in the form of a social media account - mainly limited to a facebook page. However, the information made available on the institutions' social media accounts were not considered for this assessment.

	All Health Service Providers	Health Centres	All Government Hospitals	Only Government Hospitals with a website
Average disclosure %	0.56%	0.00%	4.73%	11.56%

Figure 5.8.1: Average disclosure % among Health Service Providers, with and without websites

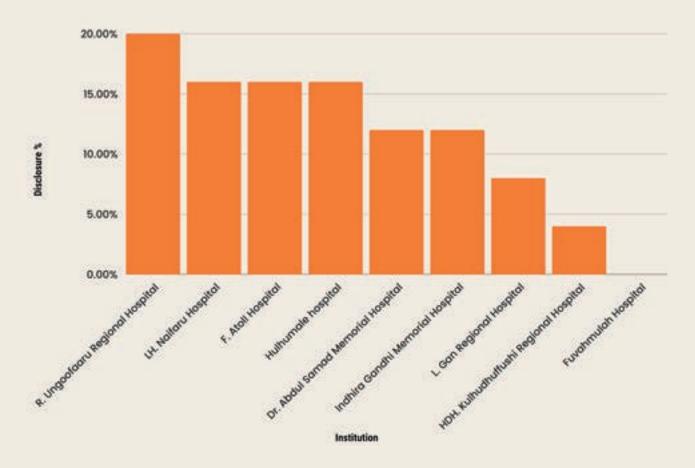


Figure 5.8.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by Health Service Providers with functional websites

The nine hospitals who had functional websites all had a proactive disclosure score of 20% or less, with an average disclosure rate of 11.56%. Of the 25 areas of information required to be proactively disclosed, 15 were not disclosed by any of the monitored institutions. The direct services provided or being provided to the public required by Subsection 37 (b) was the area with the highest rate of disclosure at 78%, followed by the institution's duties, functions and responsibilities required by Subsection 37 (a) which was disclosed by 67% of hospitals with websites. Only the Faafu Atoll Hospital was found to have disclosed any information about their information officer as required by Section 36 (a). However, as neither the name nor the designation of the information officer was published alongside the contact details of the information officer, compliance to Subsection 36 (a) was only partially achieved by the hospital. The R. Ungoofaaru Regional Hospital had the highest level of disclosure from this category at 20%, followed by the Lh. Naifaru Hospital, F. Atoll Hospital and Hulhumale' Hospital who had all disclosed 16% of the required information. Even though the Fuvahmulah Hospital had a functional website, none of the information required to be publicly disclosed was available.

5.9 Academic Institutions

Institutions monitored under this category included Universities, Schools and Atoll Education Centres (AECs). The 2 universities monitored under this category - Maldives National University and the Islamic University of Maldives are also both statutory bodies as they were established through laws enacted in 2011 [17] and 2015 [18] respectively. While both schools and AECs had institutions without a functional website, a significant number of Schools and AECs were also found to have created their respective website using EduPage [19] which allows the setting up of a basic website for free with built in features specially catered for educational institutions. However, it was also observed that several websites created in this manner are already outdated and require updating, and hence did not meet any proactive disclosure obligations. Similar to Health Centres, it was also observed that several Academic Institutions had a limited online presence in the form of social media account(s).

	All Educational Institutions	Only Educational Institutions with a website	All Universitie s	All Schools	Only Schools with a website	All Atoll Education Centres	Only Atoll Education Centres with a website
Average disclosure %	3.85%	8.88%	38.00%	4.68%	8.49%	4.21%	6.67%

Figure 5.9.1: Average disclosure % among Academic Institutions, with and without websites

The Islamic University of Maldives had the highest level of disclosure in this category with a disclosure rate of 40%, followed by the Maldives National University and K. Gulhi school which both had a disclosure rate of 36%. The details of the institutions' duties, functions and responsibilities required by Subsection 37 (a) was found to be the area with the highest rate of disclosure among institutions in this category with a functional website at 63%. The second highest area of disclosure concerning the details of services provided by the institution required by Subsection 37 (b) was significantly lower at 38%. A disclosure rate of less than 10% was observed for 19 out of the 25 areas of information required to be disclosed, with 9 areas of information not being disclosed by a single institution. Notably, details of the budget allocated, proposed expenditures, disbursements made, as well as details of the information officers were all key areas of information that had a 0% disclosure rate across the board.



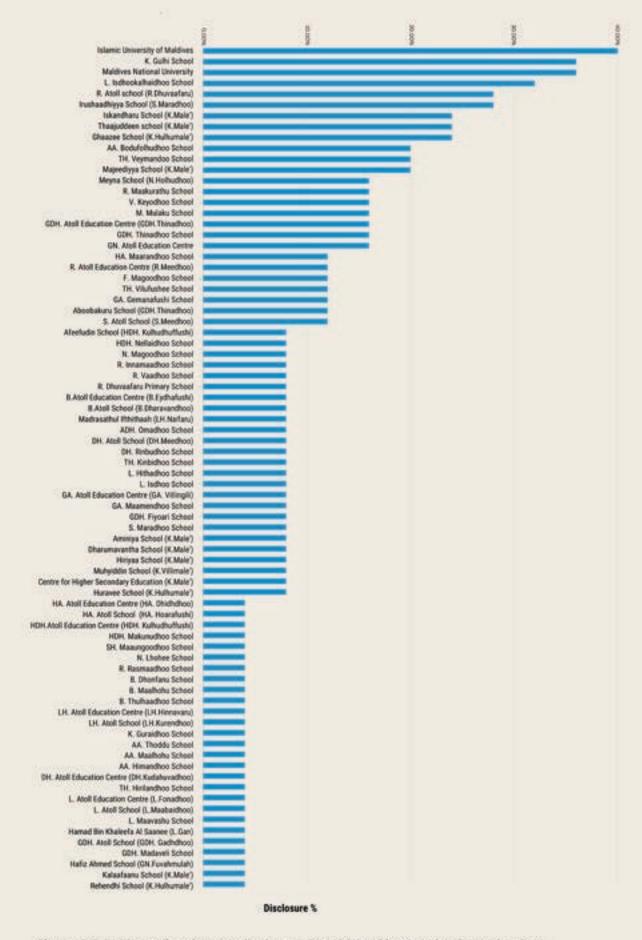


Figure 5.9.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by Academic Institutions

5.10 Political Parties

While all the five political parties that were monitored under this study had a functional website, the level of disclosure among the parties was found to be generally low. Two out of five political parties assessed had disclosed just over 30% of the required information, while the rest disclosed 20% or lower. The functions, responsibilities and duties required by Subsection 37 (a) were the only details fully disclosed by all the five parties, while 13 out of the 25 areas of information required to be proactively disclosed were not published by any of them.



Figure: 5.10.1. Average disclosure % among Political Parties

With 35% of the required information disclosed, Maldives National Party had the highest level of disclosure among the 5 political parties monitored, followed closely by the Maldivian Democratic Party at 35%. The Jumhooree Party had the lowest disclosure rate at 12%, while both the Adhaalath Party and the Progressive Party of Maldives scored 20%.

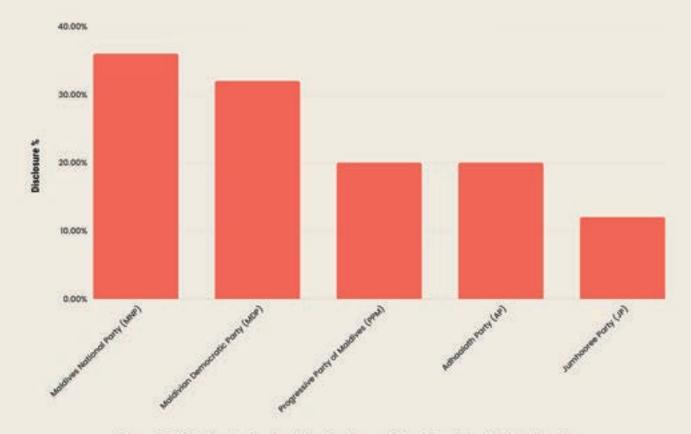


Figure 5.10.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by Political Parties

5.11 State-Owned Enterprises

While the RTI Act itself does not explicitly state jurisdiction over State-Owned Enterprises, institutions that undertake state responsibilities, function from the state budget and receive assistance from the state budget are included within the definition of state institutions that fall under the purview of the RTI Act. The High Court of Maldives ruled against an appeal made by the Maldives Transport and Contracting Company (MTCC) [20] in 2021 where MTCC contested that the inclusion of state companies in the definition of 'State Institutes' in the RTI Regulation overreaches the definition of the same in the law, thereby deeming it unconstitutional. The ruling of the High Court is now at the Supreme Court following an appeal by the national transport company. Furthermore, at least 12 SOEs were listed in the Proactive Disclosure Compliance study conducted by ADM in 2022 [21] as either having refused to abide by the decision or appealed the decision of the ICOM to disclose information.

A report published by Transparency Maldives in 2023 following the formulation of a Corporate Governance Transparency Index (CGTI) for SOEs in the Maldives [22] found that the level of transparency on the websites of five selected SOEs were insufficient and did not comply with local requirements specified under the Privatization and Corporatization Board's (PCB's) Code of Corporate Governance for SOEs, the RTI Act nor international best practices. The CGTI results further revealed that websites of SOEs were predominantly used as a mechanism to publish information related to service delivery and lacked information related to corporate governance. Disclosure of key information on operations and financial performance, engagements with the State and private sector, internal structures, policies and practices related to corporate integrity, and information related to the board of directors were found to be lacking. The report also noted that the level of proactive disclosure was very weak, with some pillars of transparency assessed by the CGTI generating a score of zero.

Despite this, SOEs were found to have the fourth highest level of disclosure of the required information among the different types of institutions reviewed in this study, with enterprises having disclosed an average of 25.8% of the required information. From the 31 SOEs monitored, only the Maldives Centre for Islamic Finance Limited did not have a functional website.

	All SOEs	Only SOEs with websites
Proactive Disclosure %	25.81%	26.40%

Figure 5.11.1: Average disclosure % among State-Owned Enterprises, with and without websites

^[20] http://www.highcourt.gov.me/dhi/mediamanager/2020-dm-01_-_mtcc_vs_ag_&icom.pdf

^[21] Page 30, State Compliance to the Mandatory Proactive Disclosure Requirements of the Right to Information Act [Law Number 1/2014] of the Maldives

^[22] https://transparency.mv/publications/corporate-governance-transparency-index-for-maldivian-state-owned-enterprises/

1 out of 25 areas of information required to be disclosed - pertaining to the details of complaints received required by Subsection 37 (c) was not disclosed by any of the monitored companies. Conversely, details of the duties, functions and responsibilities required by Subsection 37 (a) was disclosed by all companies with a functional website. Nonetheless, most areas of information were found to have a low level of disclosure, with 8 of 25 areas having a disclosure rate lower than 10%.

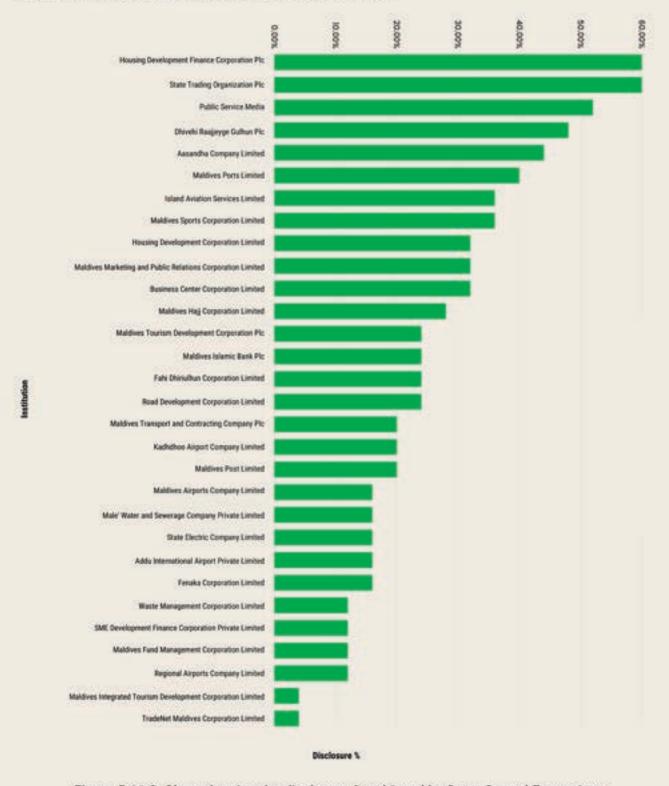


Figure 5.11.2: Chart showing the disclosure % achieved by State-Owned Enterprises

6. OBSERVATIONS

6.1 Unavailability of websites

The biggest challenges to the proactive disclosure of the required information involved issues related to the websites of state institutions. Currently, there are no legal requirements or standards governing the websites of State Institutions in Maldives and almost half of all of the state institutions monitored did not have a functional website. Several websites were also sometimes inaccessible through the monitoring period. While the proactive disclosure review was able to be completed before the websites were taken down, this posed a challenge for verification, and several websites monitored for this study are now unavailable.

6.2 Removal of information from websites

The removal of some information that was noted to have been available during previous Proactive Disclosure Assessments was observed. Several of the URL links where the information was previously available on the institutions' websites were noted to have been broken and the information unavailable anywhere on the website. As a result, several institutions that had achieved high disclosure rates in previous assessments had since had their proactive disclosure rate fall significantly.

6.3 Publication on Social Media

The publication of key information and announcements on institutions' social media accounts in general is a good thing. However, as the international best practice for the disclosure of the information required to be proactively disclosed under RTI legislation is for the information to be published on institutions' websites, information published on social media were not considered. Furthermore, publication on social media accounts would not fulfill the requirement for easy access specified in Section 37 of the RTI Act either, since almost all social media websites deliver information via a timeline, meaning information published some time ago would require considerable effort on the part of users to scroll through all of the different posts published since the information was published.

6.4 Information required to be updated

While numerous institutions had improved on meeting their proactive disclosure obligations and had at one point, attempted to disclose all of the required information, it was noted that several institutions had failed to keep the information updated.

Most of the information required to be proactively disclosed under the RTI Act have to be published by State Institutions once and only updated very rarely upon change. Conversely, several other areas of information such as details pertaining to the complaints received, decisions taken that would affect the public, budget and expenditure details have to be updated at least once every year.

6.5 No uniformity in the delivery of the required information

Similar to how State Institutions are not required to have their websites set up in any certain manner, there is no set way in which State Institutions are required to publish the information required to be proactively disclosed. As the only requirements under the RTI Law is that the information be disclosed publicly in an easily accessible manner, State Institutions have interpreted the requirements in different ways and employed a number of different methods in order to try and fulfill these requirements. While some institutions have set up special tabs or documents on the websites dedicated to the disclosure of the required information, other institutions have disclosed the information in their Annual Reports. Several institutions also opted to provide a list of links to where the information available in different areas of their respective websites can be accessed. The manner in which different areas of information were disclosed by different institutions varied as well. For example, while some institutions published the budget approved by the Parliament for the year, some institutions had only published the estimated budget the institution had submitted to Parliament. While some institutions published a list of high ranking officials at the institution without details of their responsibilities or powers, some institutions published details of the responsibilities and powers of officials without disclosing the details of who the officials in those positions were.

7. LIMITATIONS AND CHALLENGES

7.1 Review limited to websites

Section 37 of the RTI Act only requires state institutions to proactively disclose the required information in an easily accessible manner and does not limit the disclosure to any specific medium or format. While this requirement could be interpreted and the information published in a number of different ways, only information available on websites were considered for this review, in line with international best practice for the proactive disclosure of information.

7.2 Data collection

Due to an absence of a standardized manner in which information is required to be proactively disclosed, the myriad of ways in which different kinds of information was published by state institutions required judgment calls to be made in deciding whether the legally required information had been made available. The interns hired for the collection of data for the review had little to no prior knowledge or experience of the RTI regime, and the training provided to them was limited to a 2-day workshop. While this meant that the data collectors required constant guidance throughout the monitoring period and that collected data often required verification, the data also reflects a layman's view on whether or not the required information has been disclosed.

7.3 External factors

External factors, such as elections or the political contexts were not considered for the review, and the transition of government to the newly elected presidency clashed with the monitoring period, during which time the websites of several institutions were taken down to be changed or maintained. While the review was completed prior to any changes to the websites by the new administration, this limitation posed a challenge for further verification.

8. CONCLUSION

The Right to Information Act of the Maldives has been in effect for close to a decade. However, the implementation of crucial elements of the law still remains a huge challenge to this day. A lack of effort to set standards around the digital infrastructure of state institutions, coupled with weak oversight and regulation of administrative obligations has left the proactive disclosure obligations of the RTI Act unimplemented. Only 53% of state institutions having a functional website is also a worry in this digital age, where it has become absolutely imperative that governance and administration also becomes digital. Furthermore, only 19% of information required to be disclosed by law being present on the websites created by state institutions also leave a lot to be desired.

The aim of proactive disclosure obligations is to arm the general public with the most important details about state institutions. Such key information about state institutions - especially details such as financial expenditures, strategic plans, decisions made and responsible parties are all crucial to hold the state accountable. The failure to disclose such information indicates a low level of understanding or acceptance of democratic principles by state institutions which are key in upholding transparency, accountability and rule of law in a democratic society.

While some progress in the proactive disclosure of information has been noted since 2017 when the first assessments of proactive disclosure were conducted, not enough emphasis has been placed in meeting these requirements of the law. Efforts need to be focused to build the capacity of all components relevant to the Right to Information regime, and the proactive disclosure of information - such as administrative heads and technical developers in state institutions, as well as information officers. Capacity building alone however, cannot make the desired change in this regard. Stronger mechanisms to deter non-compliance and to ensure rule of law must be implemented effectively for the culture of secrecy embedded in our democratic system to end and to make room for democratic governance to thrive.

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Annex 1: Proactive Disclosure Compliance of Each Institution Monitored

#	Type of Institution	Name of Institution	Proactive Disclosure Compliance %
1	Executive	Ministry of Tourism	76.00%
2		Maldives Land and Survey Authority	76.00%
3		Ministry of Defence	72.00%
4		Attorney General's Office	72.00%
5		Maldives Immigration	64.00%
6		Ministry of Education	64.00%
7		National Pay Commission	60.00%
8		Ministry of Home Affairs	60.00%
9		Ministry of Fisheries, Marine Resources & Agriculture	60.00%
10		Ministry of Islamic Affairs	56.00%
11		Communications Authority of Maldives	56.00%
12		National Social protection Agency	52.00%
13		Environmental Protection Agency	52.00%
14		Ministry of Transport & Civil Aviation	52.00%
15		Privatization & Corporatization Board	48.00%
16		Ministry of National Planning, Housing & Infrastructure	48.00%
17		Ministry of Environment, Climate Change & Technology	48.00%
18		Labour Relations Authority	48.00%
19		Ministry of Foreign Affairs	44.00%
20		Maldives Food and Drug Authority	44.00%
21		Ministry of Gender, Family & Social Services	44.00%
22		National Library	40.00%
23		Ministry of Higher Education	36.00%

24	Maldives Marine Research Institute	36.00%
25	Utility Regulatory Authority	36.00%
26	Ministry of Economic Development	36.00%
27	National Centre for the Arts	36.00%
28	Maldives National Defence Force	32.00%
29	Maldives Qualification Authority	32.00%
30	Islaamee Fathuvaadhey Emme Mathee Majlis	32.00%
31	Ministry of Health	32.00%
32	National Bureau of Classification	32.00%
33	Ministry of Finance	28.00%
34	National Counter Terrorism Centre	28.00%
35	National Institute of Education	24.00%
36	National Centre for Holy Quran	24.00%
37	Maldives Meteorological Service	24.00%
38	President's Office	20.00%
39	Maldives Bureau of Statistics	20.00%
40	Department of National Registration	20.00%
41	Ministry of Arts, Culture & Heritage	20.00%
42	Aviation Security Command	16.00%
43	Department of Juvenile Justice	16.00%
44	Department of Public Examinations	16.00%
45	Quality Assurance Department	16.00%
46	Department of Inclusive Education	16.00%
47	National Drug Agency	16.00%
48	National Centre for Information Technology	16.00%
49	National Job Centre	16.00%
50	National Centre for Cultural Heritage	16.00%

51		Maldives National Skills Development Authority	12.00%
52		Maldives Polytechnic	12.00%
53		Ministry of Youth, Sports & Community Empowerment	12.00%
54		National Archives	12.00%
55		Kudakudhinge Hiyaa	8.00%
56		Invest Maldives	8.00%
57		National Art Gallery	8.00%
58		Dhivehi Language Academy	8.00%
59		South Maalhosmadulu Biosphere Reserve Office	4.00%
60		Maldives Hydrographic Service	No website
61		Health Protection Agency	No website
62		Dhamana Veshi	No website
63		Maldives Blood Services	No website
64		Thalassemia & Other Hemoglobinopathies Centre	No website
65		National Mental Health Department	No website
66		Fiyavathi	No website
67		Amaan Hiyaa	No website
68		Education Training Centre for Children	No website
69		Home for People with Special Needs	No website
70		Child and Family Protection Service	No website
71		Maldives National Institute of Sports	No website
72		National Museum	No website
73	Legislature	People's Majlis Secretariat	76.00%
74	Judiciary	Drug Court	100.00%
75		Juvenile Court	92.00%
76		Department of Judicial Administration	76.00%
77		High Court of Maldives	76.00%
78		Supreme Court of Maldives	56.00%

79	Criminal Court	56.00%
80	Family Court	48.00%
81	Civil Court	32.00%
82	HA. Thuraakunu Magistrate Court	12.00%
83	HA. Ihavandhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
84	HA. Filladhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
85	HDH. Nellaidhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
86	HDH. Vaikaradhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
87	SH. Feydhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
88	SH. Bilehdhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
89	SH. Milandhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
90	SH. Funadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
91	N. Kendhikulhudhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
92	N. Maalhendhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
93	N. Kudafaree Magistrate Court	12.00%
94	N. Maafaru Magistrate Court	12.00%
95	N. Manadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
96	R. Alifushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
97	R. Rasgetheemu Magistrate Court	12.00%
98	R. Angolhitheemu Magistrate Court	12.00%
99	R. Hulhudhuffaaru Magistrate Court	12.00%
100	R. Ungoofaaru Magistrate Court	12.00%
101	R. Rasmaadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
102	R. Maduvvari Magistrate Court	12.00%
103	B. Eydhafushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
104	B. Thulhaadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
105	B. Hithaadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%

106	B. Fulhadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
107	B. Goidhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
108	K. Himmafushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
109	K. Gulhi Magistrate Court	12.00%
110	K. Guraidhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
111	ADH. Hagngnaameedhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
112	ADH. Mahibadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
113	ADH. Kunburudhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
114	ADH. Dhangethi Magistrate Court	12.00%
115	ADH. Dhigurah Magistrate Court	12.00%
116	ADH. Fenfushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
117	V. Fulidhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
118	V. Felidhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
119	V. Keyodhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
120	V. Rakeedhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
121	M. Veyvah Magistrate Court	12.00%
122	M. Muli Magistrate Court	12.00%
123	M. Kolhufushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
124	F. Bilehdhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
125	F. Nilandhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
126	TH. Kandoodhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
127	TH. Hirilandhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
128	TH. Thimarafushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
129	TH. Kinbidhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
130	L. Maavah Magistrate Court	12.00%
131	L. Fonadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
132	L. Maamendhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%

133	L. Hithadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
134	GA. Kolamaafushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
135	GA. Villingili Magistrate Court	12.00%
136	GA. Nilandhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
137	GA. Dhaandhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
138	GA. Dhevvadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
139	GA. Kondey Magistrate Court	12.00%
140	GA. Gemanafushi Magistrate Court	12.00%
141	GDH. Thinadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
142	GDH. Hoadedhdhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
143	GDH. Fiori Magistrate Court	12.00%
144	GDH. Faresmaathodaa Magistrate Court	12.00%
145	S. Hithadhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
146	S. Maradhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
147	S. Feydhoo Magistrate Court	12.00%
148	Hulhumale Magistrate Court	12.00%
149	HDH. Kulhudhuffushi Magistrate Court	8.00%
150	HDH. Makunudhoo Magistrate Court	8.00%
151	R. Vaadhoo Magistrate Court	8.00%
152	DH. Hulhudheli Magistrate Court	8.00%
153	GDH. Gahdhoo Magistrate Court	8.00%
154	GDH. Vaadhoo Magistrate Court	8.00%
155	HA. Uligamu Magistrate Court	4.00%
156	HA. Molhadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
157	HA. Hoarafushi Magistrate Court	4.00%
158	HA. Kelaa Magistrate Court	4.00%
159	HA. Vashafaru Magistrate Court	4.00%

160	HA. Dhidhdhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
161	HA. Maarandhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
162	HA. Muraidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
163	HA. Baarah Magistrate Court	4.00%
164	HDH. Finey Magistrate Court	4.00%
165	HDH. Naivaadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
166	HDH. Hirimaradhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
167	HDH. Nolhivaranfaru Magistrate Court	4.00%
168	HDH. Kurinbee Magistrate Court	4.00%
169	SH. Noomaraa Magistrate Court	4.00%
170	SH. Kanditheemu Magistrate Court	4.00%
171	SH. Goidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
172	SH. Feevah Magistrate Court	4.00%
173	SH. Narudhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
174	SH. Maroshi Magistrate Court	4.00%
175	SH. Lhaimagu Magistrate Court	4.00%
176	SH. Maaungoodhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
177	N. Henbadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
178	N. Velidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
179	N. Landhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
180	N. Lhohi Magistrate Court	4.00%
181	N. Magoodhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
182	N. Holhudhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
183	N. Fohdhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
184	R. Maakurathu Magistrate Court	4.00%
185	R. Inguraidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
186	B. Kudarikilu Magistrate Court	4.00%

187	B. Kihaadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
188	B. Dhonfanu Magistrate Court	4.00%
189	B. Maalhos Magistrate Court	4.00%
190	B. Fehendhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
191	K. Kaashidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
192	K. Gaafaru Magistrate Court	4.00%
193	K. Dhiffushi Magistrate Court	4.00%
194	K. Thulusdhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
195	AA. Thoddoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
196	AA. Rasdhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
197	AA. Ukulhas Magistrate Court	4.00%
198	AA. Bodufolhudhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
199	AA. Mathiveri Magistrate Court	4.00%
200	AA. Feridhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
201	AA. Maalhos Magistrate Court	4.00%
202	AA. Himandhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
203	ADH. Omadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
204	ADH. Dhidhdhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
205	ADH. Maamigili Magistrate Court	4.00%
206	V. Thinadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
207	M. Dhiggaru Magistrate Court	4.00%
208	M. Maduvvari Magistrate Court	4.00%
209	M. Raiymandhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
210	M. Mulak Magistrate Court	4.00%
211	M. Naalaafushi Magistrate Court	4.00%
212	F. Feeali Magistrate Court	4.00%
213	F. Magoodhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%

214	F. Dharanboodhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
215	TH. Vilufushi Magistrate Court	4.00%
216	TH. Dhiyamigili Magistrate Court	4.00%
217	TH. Guraidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
218	TH. Vandhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
219	TH. Gaadhiffushi Magistrate Court	4.00%
220	TH. Veymandoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
221	TH. Omadhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
222	L. Dhanbidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
223	L. Maabaidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
224	L. Kalaidhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
225	L. Gan Magistrate Court	4.00%
226	GA. Maamendhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
227	GA. Kanduhulhudhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
228	GDH. Nadella Magistrate Court	4.00%
229	GDH. Rathafandhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
230	Fuvahmulak Magistrate Court	4.00%
231	S. Hulhudhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
232	S. Meedhoo Magistrate Court	4.00%
233	HA. Thakandhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
234	HA. Utheemu Magistrate Court	0.00%
235	HDH. Hanimaadhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
236	HDH. Nolhivaramu Magistrate Court	0.00%
237	HDH. Kumundhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
238	HDH. Neykurendhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
239	SH. Foakaidhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
240	SH. Komandoo Magistrate Court	0.00%

241		N. Miladhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
242	-	R. Dhuvaafaru Magistrate Court	0.00%
243	-	R. Innamaadhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
244	-	B. kamadhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
245	-	B. Kendhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
246	-	B. Dharavandhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
247	-	LH. Hinnavaru Magistrate Court	0.00%
248	-	LH. Naifaru Magistrate Court	0.00%
249	-	LH. Kurendhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
250	-	LH. Olhuvelifushi Magistrate Court	0.00%
251	-	K. Huraa Magistrate Court	0.00%
252	-	K. Maafushi Magistrate Court	0.00%
253	-	ADH. Mandhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
254		DH. Meedhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
255		DH. Bandidhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
256		DH. Rinbudhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
257	-	DH. Maaenboodhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
258		DH. Kudahuvadhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
259		TH. Buruni Magistrate Court	0.00%
260	-	TH. Madifushi Magistrate Court	0.00%
261	-	L. Isdhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
262		L. Mundoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
263		L. Kunahandhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
264		GDH. Madaveli Magistrate Court	0.00%
265		S. MaradhooFeydhoo Magistrate Court	0.00%
266	Statutory	Elections Commission	100.00%
267	Bodies	Maldives Pension Administration office	100.00%

268	Tax Appeal Tribunal	100.00%
269	Information Commissioner's Office	100.00%
270	Anti-Corruption Commission	92.00%
271	Children's Ombudsperson's Office	92.00%
272	Maldives Inland Revenue Authority	76.00%
273	Human Rights Commission of Maldives	72.00%
274	Maldives Media Council	72.00%
275	Maldives Civil Aviation Authority	72.00%
276	Capital Market Development Authority	64.00%
277	Judicial Service Commission	64.00%
278	Family Protection Authority	64.00%
279	Local Government Authority	60.00%
280	Maldives Broadcasting Commission	60.00%
281	Civil Service Commission	56.00%
282	Employment Tribunal	56.00%
283	Ombudsperson's Office for Transitional Justice	56.00%
284	Maldives Police Service	56.00%
285	Maldives Monetary Authority	52.00%
286	Maldives Correctional Service	52.00%
287	Maldives International Arbitration Centre	52.00%
288	National Integrity Commission	48.00%
289	National Disaster Management Authority	44.00%
290	Institute of Chartered Accountants of Maldives	44.00%
291	Auditor General's Office	40.00%
292	Prosecutor General's Office	32.00%
293	Maldives Customs Service	32.00%
294	Maldives Bar Council	8.00%

295	Local	Kulhudhuffushi City Council	100.00%
296	Government	Fuvahmulah City Council	100.00%
297		M. Atoll Council	84.00%
298		F. Bilehdhoo Council	80.00%
299		SH. Atoll Council	76.00%
300		HA. Atoll Council	68.00%
301		LH. Naifaru Council	64.00%
302		N. Velidhoo Council	60.00%
303		GA. Dhaandhoo Council	60.00%
304		M. Mulaku Council	60.00%
305		GA. Kanduhulhudhoo Council	56.00%
306		AA. Himandhoo Council	52.00%
307		L. Mundoo Council	52.00%
308		L. Atoll Council	52.00%
309		HDH. Atoll Council	52.00%
310		GA. Kondey Council	52.00%
311		HDH. Vaikaradhoo Council	48.00%
312		HA. Muraidhoo Council	48.00%
313		AA. Mathiveri Council	48.00%
314		M. Kolhufushi Council	48.00%
315		R. Fainu Council	44.00%
316		GA. Nilandhoo Council	44.00%
317		HDH. Kurinbee Council	44.00%
318		R. Maduvvari Council	40.00%
319		SH. Maaungoodhoo Council	40.00%
320		Addu City Council	40.00%
321		V. Atoll Council	40.00%

322	LH. Atoll Council	40.00%
323	F. Nilandhoo Council	40.00%
324	HA. Uligan Council	36.00%
325	Malé City Council	36.00%
326	HDH. Hanimaadhoo Council	36.00%
327	TH. Atoll Council	36.00%
328	SH. Feydhoo Council	32.00%
329	L. Gan Council	32.00%
330	AA. Thoddoo Council	28.00%
331	N. Kendhikulhudhoo Council	28.00%
332	L. Isdhoo Council	28.00%
333	GDH. Hoadedhdhoo Council	28.00%
334	L. Fonadhoo Council	28.00%
335	AA. Ukulhas Council	24.00%
336	HDH. Nolhivaranfaru Council	24.00%
337	HDH. Nolhivaran Council	24.00%
338	DH. Maaenboodhoo Council	24.00%
339	M. Veyvah Council	20.00%
340	K. Guraidhoo Council	20.00%
341	B. Thulhaadhoo Council	20.00%
342	GA. Maamendhoo Council	20.00%
343	F. Dharanboodhoo Council	20.00%
344	GDH. Atoll Council	16.00%
345	SH. Funadhoo Council	16.00%
346	DH. Atoll Council	16.00%
347	GDH. Madaveli Council	12.00%
348	L. Maavah Council	12.00%

349	N. Lhohi Council	12.00%
350	N. Kudafari Council	12.00%
351	K. Kaashidhoo Council	12.00%
352	HA. Dhidhdhoo Council	12.00%
353	ADH. Dhigurah Council	12.00%
354	K. Dhiffushi Council	12.00%
355	HA. Utheemu Council	12.00%
356	TH. Buruni Council	12.00%
357	V. Rakeedhoo Council	8.00%
358	HDH. Neykurendhoo Council	8.00%
359	TH. Kinbidhoo Council	8.00%
360	HA. Kelaa Council	8.00%
361	SH. Kanditheemu Council	8.00%
362	M. Dhiggaru Council	4.00%
363	R. Vaadhoo Council	4.00%
364	V. Thinadhoo Council	0.00%
365	HDH. Naivaadhoo Council	0.00%
366	HDH. Makunudhoo Council	0.00%
367	LH. Kurendhoo Council	0.00%
368	R. Kinolhas Council	0.00%
369	R. Innamaadhoo Council	0.00%
370	R. Dhuvaafaru Council	0.00%
371	GDH. Rathafandhoo Council	0.00%
372	HA. Ihavandhoo Council	0.00%
373	GDH. Nadella Council	0.00%
374	F. Atoll Council	0.00%
375	SH. Feevah Council	No website

376	R. Meedhoo Council	No website
377	AA. Atoll Council	No website
378	GDH. Thinadhoo Council	No website
379	SH. Komandoo Council	No website
380	HDH. Finey Council	No website
381	ADH. Atoll Council	No website
382	HA. Baarah Council	No website
383	HA. Thakandhoo Council	No website
384	HA. Molhadhoo Council	No website
385	HA. Filladhoo Council	No website
386	HDH. Kumundhoo Council	No website
387	HDH. Hirimaradhoo Council	No website
388	SH. Milandhoo Council	No website
389	SH. Noomaraa Council	No website
390	N. Atoll Council	No website
391	N. Manadhoo Council	No website
392	N. Henbadhoo Council	No website
393	N. Fohdhoo Council	No website
394	N. Maafaru Council	No website
395	N. Miladhoo Council	No website
396	R. Atoll Council	No website
397	R. Angolhitheemu Council	No website
398	R. Hulhudhuffaaru Council	No website
399	B. Atoll Council	No website
400	B. Hithaadhoo Council	No website
401	B. Kudarikilu Council	No website
402	B. Fehendhoo Council	No website

403	B. Goidhoo Council	No website
404	B. Maalhos Council	No website
405	B. Eydhafushi Council	No website
406	LH. Hinnavaru Council	No website
407	K. Gaafaru Council	No website
408	K. Thulusdhoo Council	No website
409	K. Huraa Council	No website
410	K. Himmafushi Council	No website
411	AA. Rasdhoo Council	No website
412	AA. Feridhoo Council	No website
413	ADH. Hangnaameedhoo Council	No website
414	ADH. Omadhoo Council	No website
415	ADH. Kunburudhoo Council	No website
416	ADH. Mahibadhoo Council	No website
417	ADH. Mandhoo Council	No website
418	ADH. Dhangethi Council	No website
419	V. Fulidhoo Council	No website
420	V. Felidhoo Council	No website
421	V. Keyodhoo Council	No website
422	M. Naalaafushi Council	No website
423	M. Maduvvari Council	No website
424	F. Feeali Council	No website
425	DH. Meedhoo Council	No website
426	DH. Bandidhoo Council	No website
427	DH. Rinbudhoo Council	No website
428	DH. Hulhudheli Council	No website
429	TH. Veymandoo Council	No website

430	TH. Vilufushi Council	No website
431	TH. Madifushi Council	No website
432	TH. Dhiyamigili Council	No website
433	TH. Gaadhiffushi Council	No website
434	L. Hithadhoo Council	No website
435	L. Kunahandhoo Council	No website
436	L. Kalaidhoo Council	No website
437	L. Maamendhoo Council	No website
438	GA. Atoll Council	No website
439	GA. Kolamaafushi Council	No website
440	GA. Villingili Council	No website
441	GA. Gemanafushi Council	No website
442	GDH. Vaadhoo Council	No website
443	GDH. Fiori Council	No website
444	GDH. Faresmaathodaa Council	No website
445	HA. Thuraakunu Council	No website
446	HA. Vashafaru Council	No website
447	HDH. Nellaidhoo Council	No website
448	SH. Goidhoo Council	No website
449	SH. Maroshi Council	No website
450	N. Holhudhoo Council	No website
451	N. Landhoo Council	No website
452	N. Magoodhoo Council	No website
453	R. Rasgetheemu Council	No website
454	R. Rasmaadhoo Council	No website
455	B. Fulhadhoo Council	No website
456	B. Dhonfanu Council	No website

457	B. Dharavandhoo Council	No website
458	K. Atoll Council	No website
459	ADH. Maamigili Council	No website
460	M. Muli Council	No website
461	TH. Omadhoo Council	No website
462	TH. Hirilandhoo Council	No website
463	GA. Dhevvadhoo Council	No website
464	HA. Maarandhoo Council	No website
465	HA. Hoarafushi Council	No website
466	SH. Lhaimagu Council	No website
467	SH. Bilehfahi Council	No website
468	SH. Foakaidhoo Council	No website
469	SH. Narudhoo Council	No website
470	N. Maalhendhoo Council	No website
471	R. Alifushi Council	No website
472	R. Inguraidhoo Council	No website
473	R. Ungoofaaru Council	No website
474	R. Maakurathu Council	No website
475	B. Kamadhoo Council	No website
476	B. Kendhoo Council	No website
477	B. Kihaadhoo Council	No website
478	LH. Olhuvelifushi Council	No website
479	K. Gulhi Council	No website
480	K. Maafushi Council	No website
481	AA. Bodufolhudhoo Council	No website
482	AA. Maalhos Council	No website
483	ADH. Fenfushi Council	No website

484		ADH. Dhidhdhoo Council	No website
485		M. Raiymadnoo Council	No website
486		F. Magoodhoo Council	No website
487		DH. Kudahuvadhoo Council	No website
488		TH. Thimarafushi Council	No website
489		TH. Guraidhoo Council	No website
490		TH. Kandoodhoo Council	No website
491		TH. Vandhoo Council	No website
492		L. Dhanbidhoo Council	No website
493		L. Maabaidhoo Council	No website
494		GDH. Gadhdhoo Council	No website
495	Health	R. Ungoofaaru Regional Hospital	20.00%
496	Service Providers	F. Atoll Hospital	16.00%
497		LH. Naifaru Hospital	16.00%
498		Hulhumale hospital	16.00%
499		Dr. Abdul Samad Memorial Hospital	12.00%
500		IGMH	12.00%
501		L. Gan Regional Hospital	8.00%
502		HDH. Kulhudhuffushi Regional Hospital	4.00%
503		Fuvahmulah Hospital	0.00%
504		HA. Hospital (Dhidhdhoo)	No website
505		HA. Thuraakunu Health Centre	No website
506		HA. Molhadhoo Health Centre	No website
507		HA. Maarandhoo Health Centre	No website
508		HA. Thakandhoo Health Centre	No website
509		HA. Utheemu Health Centre	No website
510		HA. Baarashu Health Centre	No website

511	HDH. Nolhivaram Health Centre	No website
512	HDH. Neykurendhoo Health Centre	No website
513	HDH. Vaikaradhoo Health Centre	No website
514	HDH. Kamundhoo Health Centre	No website
515	SH. Maaungoodhoo Health Centre	No website
516	SH. Bilehfahi Health Centre	No website
517	SH. Milandhoo Health Centre	No website
518	SH. Foakaidhoo Health Centre	No website
519	SH. Feevah Health Centre	No website
520	SH. Noomaraa Health Centre	No website
521	SH. Goidhoo Health Centre	No website
522	SH. Manadhoo Hospital	No website
523	N. Velidhoo Health Centre	No website
524	N. Lhohi Health Centre	No website
525	N. Maafaru Health Centre	No website
526	N. Maalhendhoo Health Centre	No website
527	N. Fohdhoo Health Centre	No website
528	R. Inguraidhoo Health Centre	No website
529	R. Maduvvari Health Centre	No website
530	R. Meedhoo Health Centre	No website
531	R. Innamaadhoo Health Centre	No website
532	R. Fainu Health Centre	No website
533	B. Eydhafushi Hospital	No website
534	B. Thulhaadhoo Health Centre	No website
535	B. Dharavandhoo Health Centre	No website
536	B. Dhonfanu Health Centre	No website
537	B. Kamadhoo Health Centre	No website

538	B. Kihaadhoo Health Centre	No website
539	B. Kudarikilu Health Centre	No website
540	K. Kaashidhoo Health Centre	No website
541	K. Maafushi Health Centre	No website
542	K. Gulhi Health Centre	No website
543	K. Gaafaru Health Centre	No website
544	K. Huraa Health Centre	No website
545	AA. Ukulhas Health Centre	No website
546	AA. Bodufolhudhoo Health Centre	No website
547	AA. Maalhos Health Centre	No website
548	ADH. Omadhoo Health Centre	No website
549	ADH. Kanburudhoo Health Centre	No website
550	ADH. Mandhoo Health Centre	No website
551	ADH. Dhidhdhoo Health Centre	No website
552	V. Rakeedhoo Health Centre	No website
553	M. Naalaafushi Health Centre	No website
554	M. Kolhufushi Health Centre	No website
555	M. Mulaku Health Centre	No website
556	M. Maduvvari Health Centre	No website
557	F. Bilehdhoo Health Centre	No website
558	F. Magoodhoo Health Centre	No website
559	F. Dharanboodhoo Health Centre	No website
560	DH. Atoll Hospital	No website
561	TH. Thimarafushi Health Centre	No website
562	TH. Guraidhoo Health Centre	No website
563	TH. Hirilandhoo Health Centre	No website
564	TH. Dhiyamigili Health Centre	No website

565	TH. Vandhoo Health Centre	No website
566	TH. Buruni Health Centre	No website
567	L. Isdhoo Health Centre	No website
568	L. Kunahandhoo Health Centre	No website
569	L. Maamendhoo Health Centre	No website
570	L. Maavah Health Centre	No website
571	GA. Atoll Hospital	No website
572	GA. Kolamaafushi Health Centre	No website
573	GA. Gemanafushi Health Centre	No website
574	GA. Dhevvadhoo Health Centre	No website
575	GDH. Madaveli Health Centre	No website
576	GDH. Hoadedhdhoo Health Centre	No website
577	S. Hithadhoo Regional Hospital	No website
578	S. Feydhoo Health Centre	No website
579	S. Maradhoo Health Centre	No website
580	HA. Uligamu Health Centre	No website
581	HA. Muraidhoo Health Centre	No website
582	HDH. Naavaidhoo Health Centre	No website
583	HDH. Hirimaradhoo Health Centre	No website
584	SH. Kanditheemu Health Centre	No website
585	SH. Holhudhoo Health Centre	No website
586	N. Magoodhoo Health Centre	No website
587	R. Maakurathu Health Centre	No website
588	B. Hithaadhoo Health Centre	No website
589	K. Guraidhoo Health Centre	No website
590	AA. Himandhoo Health Centre	No website
591	ADH. Hangnaameedhoo Health Centre	No website

592	V. Fulidhoo Health Centre	No website
593	M. Dhiggaru Health Centre	No website
594	M. Veyvashu Health Centre	No website
595	DH. Meedhoo Health Centre	No website
596	DH. Bandidhoo Health Centre	No website
597	TH. Kinbidhoo Health Centre	No website
598	L. Dhanbidhoo Health Centre	No website
599	GA. Dhaandhoo Health Centre	No website
600	GA. Nalandhoo Health Centre	No website
601	GDH. Nadella Health Centre	No website
602	GDH. Rathafandhoo Health Centre	No website
603	S. Hulhumeedhoo Health Centre	No website
604	HA. Hoarafushi Health Centre	No website
605	HA. Ihavandhoo (Aiminaadhiyoa) Health Centre	No website
606	HA. Kelaa Health Centre	No website
607	HA. Vashafaru Health Centre	No website
608	HA. Filladhoo Health Centre	No website
609	HDH. Makunudhoo Health Centre	No website
610	HDH. Hanimaadhoo Health Centre	No website
611	HDH. Nolhivaranfaru Health Centre	No website
612	HDH. Kurinbi Health Centre	No website
613	HDH. Finey Health Centre	No website
614	HDH. Nellaidhoo Health Centre	No website
615	SH. Funadhoo Hospital	No website
616	SH. Komandoo Health Centre	No website
617	SH. Maroshi Health Centre	No website
618	SH. Narudhoo Health Centre	No website

619	SH. Lhaimagu Health Centre	No website
620	SH. Feydhoo Health Centre	No website
621	N. Kendhikulhudhoo Health Centre	No website
622	N. Landhoo Health Centre	No website
623	N. Henbadhoo Health Centre	No website
624	N. Miladhoo Health Centre	No website
625	N. Kudafari Health Centre	No website
626	R. Alifushi Health Centre	No website
627	R. Dhuvaafaru Health Centre	No website
628	R. Hulhudhuffaaru Health Centre	No website
629	R. Rasgatheemu Health Centre	No website
630	R. Rasmaadhoo Health Centre	No website
631	R. Vaadhoo Health Centre	No website
632	R. Angolhitheemu Health Centre	No website
633	R. Kinolhas Health Centre	No website
634	B. Goidhoo Health Centre	No website
635	B. Kendhoo Health Centre	No website
636	B. Maalhos Health Centre	No website
637	B. Fehendhoo Health Centre	No website
638	B. Fulhadhoo Health Centre	No website
639	LH. Hinnavaru Health Centre	No website
640	LH. Kurendhoo Health Centre	No website
641	LH. Olhuvelifushi Health Centre	No website
642	K. Thulusdhoo Health Centre	No website
643	K. Himmafushi Health Centre	No website
644	K. Dhiffushi Health Centre	No website
645	AA. Rasdhoo Hospital	No website

646	AA. Feridhoo Health Centre	No website
647	AA. Thoddoo Health Centre	No website
648	AA. Mathiveri Health Centre	No website
649	ADH. Mahibadhoo Hospital	No website
650	ADH. Maamigili Health Centre	No website
651	ADH. Dhigurah Health Centre	No website
652	ADH. Dhangethi Health Centre	No website
653	ADH. Fenfushi Health Centre	No website
654	V. Felidhoo Atoll Hospital	No website
655	V. Keyodhoo Health Centre	No website
656	V. Thinadhoo Health Centre	No website
657	Muli Regional Hospital	No website
658	M. Raiymandhoo Health Centre	No website
659	F. Feeali Health Centre	No website
660	DH. Hulhudheli Health Centre	No website
661	DH. Maaenboodhoo Health Centre	No website
662	DH. Rinbudhoo Health Centre	No website
663	TH. Atoll Hospital	No website
664	TH. Vilufushi Health Centre	No website
665	TH. Omadhoo Health Centre	No website
666	TH. Madifushi Health Centre	No website
667	TH. Gaadhiffushi Health Centre	No website
668	TH. Kandoodhoo Health Centre	No website
669	L. Maabaidhoo Health Centre	No website
670	L. Mundoo Health Centre	No website
671	L. Fonadhoo Health Centre	No website
672	L. Hithadhoo Health Centre	No website

673		GA. Maamendhoo Health Centre	No website
674		GA. Kanduhulhudhoo Health Centre	No website
675		GA. Kondey Health Centre	No website
676		GDH. Gadhdhoo Health Centre	No website
677		GDH. Vaadhoo Health Centre	No website
678		GDH. Fiyoaree Health Centre	No website
679		GDH. Faresmaathodaa Health Centre	No website
680		Addu Equatorial Hospital	No website
681	Academic	Islamic University of Maldives	40.00%
682	Institutions	Maldives National University	36.00%
683		K. Gulhi School	36.00%
684		L. Isdhookalhaidhoo School	32.00%
685		Irushaadhiyya School (S.Maradhoo)	28.00%
686		R. Atoll school (R.Dhuvaafaru)	28.00%
687		Ghaazee School (K.Hulhumale')	24.00%
688		Iskandharu School (K.Male')	24.00%
689		Thaajuddeen school (K.Male')	24.00%
690		Majeediyya School (K.Male')	20.00%
691		AA. Bodufolhudhoo School	20.00%
692		TH. Veymandoo School	20.00%
693		GDH. Atoll Education Centre (GDH.Thinadhoo)	16.00%
694		V. Keyodhoo School	16.00%
695		Meyna School (N.Holhudhoo)	16.00%
696		M. Mulaku School	16.00%
697		GDH. Thinadhoo School	16.00%
698		GN. Atoll Education Centre	16.00%
699		R. Maakurathu School	16.00%

700	GA. Gemanafushi School	12.00%
701	R. Atoll Education Centre (R.Meedhoo)	12.00%
702	Aboobakuru School (GDH.Thinadhoo)	12.00%
703	F. Magoodhoo School	12.00%
704	HA. Maarandhoo School	12.00%
705	S. Atoll School (S.Meedhoo)	12.00%
706	TH. Vilufushee School	12.00%
707	Afeefuddin School (HDH. Kulhudhuffushi)	8.00%
708	GA. Atoll Education Centre (GA. Villingili)	8.00%
709	Centre for Higher Secondary Education (K.Male')	8.00%
710	ADH. Omadhoo School	8.00%
711	Aminiya School (K.Male')	8.00%
712	B.Atoll Education Centre (B.Eydhafushi)	8.00%
713	B.Atoll School (B.Dharavandhoo)	8.00%
714	DH. Atoll School (DH.Meedhoo)	8.00%
715	R. Dhuvaafaru Primary School	8.00%
716	GDH. Fiyoaree School	8.00%
717	N. Magoodhoo School	8.00%
718	Hiriya School (K.Male')	8.00%
719	L. Hithadhoo School	8.00%
720	Huravee School (K.Hulhumale')	8.00%
721	R. Innamaadhoo School	8.00%
722	TH. Kinbidhoo School	8.00%
723	HDH. Nellaidhoo School	8.00%
724	DH. Rinbudhoo School	8.00%
725	GA. Maamendhoo School	8.00%
726	R. Vaadhoo School	8.00%

727	Dharumavantha School (K.Male')	8.00%
728	L. Isdhoo School	8.00%
729	S. Maradhoo School	8.00%
730	Muhyiddin School (K.Villimale')	8.00%
731	Madhrasathul Ifthithaah (LH.Naifaru)	8.00%
732	HA. Atoll Education Centre (HA. Dhidhdhoo)	4.00%
733	GDH. Madaveli School	4.00%
734	HA. Atoll School (HA. Hoarafushi)	4.00%
735	HDH.Atoll Education Centre (HDH. Kulhudhuffushi)	4.00%
736	DH. Atoll Education Centre (DH.Kudahuvadhoo)	4.00%
737	GDH. Atoll School (GDH. Gadhdhoo)	4.00%
738	R. Rasmaadhoo School	4.00%
739	AA. Maalhohu School	4.00%
740	B. Maalhohu School	4.00%
741	K. Guraidhoo School	4.00%
742	Hamad Bin Khaleefa Al Saanee (L.Gan)	4.00%
743	AA. Himandhoo School	4.00%
744	TH. Hirilandhoo School	4.00%
745	Kalaafaanu School (K.Male')	4.00%
746	L. Atoll School (L.Maabaidhoo)	4.00%
747	L. Atoll Education Centre (L.Fonadhoo)	4.00%
748	LH. Atoll Education Centre (LH.Hinnavaru)	4.00%
749	LH. Atoll School (LH.Kurendhoo)	4.00%
750	N. Lhohee School	4.00%
751	SH. Maaungoodhoo School	4.00%
752	L. Maavashu School	4.00%
753	HDH. Makunudhoo School	4.00%

754	Rehendhi School (K.Hulhumale')	4.00%
755	AA. Thoddu School	4.00%
756	B. Thulhaadhoo School	4.00%
757	B. Dhonfanu School	4.00%
758	Hafiz Ahmed School (GN.Fuvahmulah)	4.00%
759	GA. Atoll School (GA.Kolamaafushi)	0.00%
760	HA. Ihavandhoo School	0.00%
761	Jalaluddin school (HDH. Kulhudhuffushi)	0.00%
762	TH. Atoll Education Centre (TH.Thimarafushi)	0.00%
763	Addu High School (S.Hithadhoo)	0.00%
764	R. Alifushi School	0.00%
765	Al Madharusathul Arabiyyathul Islaamiyya (K.Male')	0.00%
766	V. Atoll Education Centre (V.Felidhoo)	0.00%
767	B. Fulhadhoo School	0.00%
768	F. Bilehdhoo School	0.00%
769	Huvadhoo School (GDH. Faresmaathodaa)	0.00%
770	N. Landhoo School	0.00%
771	SH. Narudhoo School	0.00%
772	Sharafuddin School (S.Hithadhoo)	0.00%
773	SH. Goidhoo School	0.00%
774	TH. Vandhoo School	0.00%
775	TH. Omadhoo School	No website
776	V.Atoll School (V.Fulidhoo)	No website
777	Shaheed Ali Thakurufaanu School (HA. Thakandhoo)	No website
778	HA. Filladhoo School	No website
779	HA. Thuraakunu School	No website
780	HA. Uligamu School	No website

781	HDH. Finey School	No website
782	HDH. Navaidhoo School	No website
783	HDH. Nolhivaram School	No website
784	HDH. Hirimaradhoo School	No website
785	Munavvara School (SH.Maroshi)	No website
786	SH. Feevaku School	No website
787	SH. Foakaidhoo School	No website
788	SH. Milandhoo School	No website
789	N. Atoll Education Centre (N.Velidhoo)	No website
790	N. Atoll school (N.Manadhoo)	No website
791	N. Maafaru School	No website
792	N. Maalhendhoo School	No website
793	R. Kinolhahu School	No website
794	R. Rasgetheemu School	No website
795	B. Fehendhoo School	No website
796	K. Atoll Education Centre (K.Thulusdhoo)	No website
797	K. Huraa School	No website
798	K. Himmafushi School	No website
799	AA. Mathiveri School	No website
800	ADH. Dhangethi School	No website
801	ADH. Dhidhdhoo School	No website
802	ADH. Dhigurah School	No website
803	V. Thinadhoo School	No website
804	V. Rakeedhoo School	No website
805	M. Atoll School (M.Kolhufushi)	No website
806	M. Dhiggaru School	No website
807	F. Dharanboodhoo School	No website

808	TH. Dhiyamigili School	No website
809	TH. Gaadhiffushi School	No website
810	L. Maamendhoo School	No website
811	L. Dhanbidhoo School	No website
812	Mukurimagu School (L.Gan)	No website
813	GA. Dhaandhoo School	No website
814	Sulthan Mohamed School (GA.Dhevvadhoo)	No website
815	Nooranee School (S.Hithadhoo)	No website
816	l'zzudhdheen School (K.Male')	No website
817	Mohamed Qasim Pre-School (K.Hulhumale')	No website
818	SH. Bileyfahee School	No website
819	N. Fodhdhoo School	No website
820	AA. Atoll Education Centre (AA.Rasdhoo)	No website
821	ADH. Hangnaameedhoo School	No website
822	ADH. Fenfushi School	No website
823	M. Raiymandhoo School	No website
824	M. Veyvashu School	No website
825	DH. Maaenboodhoo Madhrasa	No website
826	Ihadhdhoo School (L.Gan)	No website
827	S'alaah'udheen School (K.Hulhumale')	No website
828	Sheikh Ibrahim School (HA. Kelaa)	No website
829	Ghaazee Bandaarain School (HA. Utheem)	No website
830	HA. Vashafaru School	No website
831	HA. Molhadhoo School	No website
832	HA. Muraidhoo School	No website
833	HDH.Atoll School (HDH. Vaikaradhoo)	No website
834	HDH. Hanimaadhoo School	No website

835	HDH. Kumundhoo School	No website
836	HDH. Kurinbee School	No website
837	HDH. Nolhivaranfaru School	No website
838	SH. Atoll Education Centre (SH. Komandoo)	No website
839	SH. Atoll School (SH. Kanditheem)	No website
840	SH. Feydhoo School	No website
841	SH. Lhaimagu School	No website
842	SH. Noomaraa School	No website
843	SH. Funadhoo School	No website
844	N. Henbadhoo School	No website
845	N. Kendhikulhudhoo School	No website
846	N. Kudafari School	No website
847	R. Angolhitheemu School	No website
848	R. Fainu School	No website
849	R. Inguraidhoo School	No website
850	R. Ungoofaaru School	No website
851	R. Hulhudhuffaaru School	No website
852	B. Kamadhoo School	No website
853	B. Kendhoo School	No website
854	B. Kihaadhoo School	No website
855	B. Kudarikilu School	No website
856	LH. Olhuvelifushi School	No website
857	K. Atoll School (K.Kaashidhoo)	No website
858	K. Maafushi School	No website
859	K. Dhiffushi School	No website
860	AA. Atoll School (AA.Feridhoo)	No website
861	AA. Ukulhahu School	No website

862	ADH. Atoll Education Centre (ADH. Mahibadhoo)	No website
863	ADH. Atoll School (ADH. Maamigili)	No website
864	ADH. Mandhoo School	No website
865	M.Atoll Education Center (M.Muli)	No website
866	M. Maduvvari School	No website
867	F. Atoll Education Centre (F.Nilandhoo)	No website
868	F. Atoll School (F.Feeali)	No website
869	DH. Hulhudheli School	No website
870	DH. Bandidhoo School	No website
871	TH. Atoll School (TH.Guraidhoo)	No website
872	TH. Kandoodhoo School	No website
873	TH. Madifushi School	No website
874	L. Kunahandhoo School	No website
875	L. Mundoo School	No website
876	GA. Nilandhoo School	No website
877	GA. Konday School	No website
878	GA. Kanduhulhudhoo School	No website
879	GDH. Hoadedhdhoo School	No website
880	GDH. Nadella School	No website
881	GDH. Rathafandhoo School	No website
882	GDH. Vaadhoo Jamaaludheen School	No website
883	Mohamed Jamaluddin School (GN.Fuvahmulah)	No website
884	S. Hithadhoo School	No website
885	S. Feydhoo School	No website
886	HA. Baarashu School	No website
887	HDH. Neykurendhoo School	No website
888	Hidhaya School (N.Miladhoo)	No website

889		R. Maduvvaree School	No website
890		B. Goidhoo School	No website
891		B. Hithaadhoo School	No website
892		K. Gaafaru School	No website
893		ADH. Kunburudhoo School	No website
894		M. Naalaafushi School	No website
895		TH. Burunee School	No website
896		GN. Fuvahmulah School	No website
897		Jamaluddin School (K.Male')	No website
898		Imaduddin School (K.Male')	No website
899		Kaamil Didi Primary School (K.Hulhumale')	No website
900	Political	Maldives National Party	36.00%
901	Parties	Maldivian Democratic Party (MDP)	32.00%
902		Progressive Party of Maldives (PPM)	20.00%
903		Adhaalath Party	20.00%
904		Jumhooree Party (JP)	12.00%
905	State-Owned	Housing Development Finance Corporation Plc	64.00%
906	Enterprises	State Trading Organization Plc	60.00%
907		Public Service Media	52.00%
908		Dhivehi Raajjeyge Gulhun Plc	48.00%
909		Aasandha Company Limited	44.00%
910		Maldives Ports Limited	40.00%
911		Maldives Sports Corporation Limited	36.00%
912		Island Aviation Services Limited	36.00%
913		Housing Development Corporation Limited	32.00%
914		Maldives Marketing and Public Relations Corporation Limited	32.00%
915		Business Center Corporation Limited	32.00%
916		Maldives Hajj Corporation Limited	28.00%

917	Maldives Islamic Bank Plc	24.00%
918	Road Development Corporation Limited	24.00%
919	Maldives Tourism Development Corporation Plc	24.00%
920	Fahi Dhiriulhun Corporation Limited	24.00%
921	Maldives Post Limited	20.00%
922	Maldives Transport and Contracting Company Plc	20.00%
923	Kadhdhoo Airport Company Limited	20.00%
924	Male' Water and Sewerage Company Private Limited	16.00%
925	Addu International Airport Private Limited	16.00%
926	State Electric Company Limited	16.00%
927	Maldives Airports Company Limited	16.00%
928	Fenaka Corporation Limited	16.00%
929	Maldives Fund Management Corporation Limited	12.00%
930	Waste Management Corporation Limited	12.00%
931	SME Development Finance Corporation Private Limited	12.00%
932	Regional Airports Company Limited	12.00%
933	TradeNet Maldives Corporation Limited	8.00%
934	Maldives Integrated Tourism Development Corporation Limited	4.00%
935	Maldives Centre for Islamic Finance Limited	No website



